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# **DaisyRec-v2.0 Documentation**

***Release 0.1***

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# PARAMETER SETTINGS

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The description of all parameters is listed below.



## BASIC SETTINGS

### 1.1 –problem\_type

define a point-wise or pair-wise problem.

- **point-wise**: point-wise algorithm
- **pair-wise**: pair-wise algorithm

### 1.2 –optimization\_metric

the metric to be optimized for hyper-parameter tuning via HyperOpt

- **ndcg**
- **precision**
- **recall**
- **hr**
- **map**
- **mrr**

### 1.3 –hyperopt\_trail

the number of trails of HyperOpt

### 1.4 –hyperopt\_pack

record the searching space of hyper-parameters for HyperOpt

## 1.5 –algo\_name

the algorithm to be executed

- **mostpop**
- **itemknn**
- **puresvd**
- **slim**
- **mf**
- **fm**
- **neumf**
- **nfm**
- **ngcf**
- **multi-vae**

## 1.6 –dataset

the dataset to be evaluated

- **ml-100k**
- **ml-1m**
- **ml-10m**
- **ml-20m**
- **lastfm**
- **book-x**
- **amazon-cloth**
- **amazon-electronic**
- **amazon-book**
- **amazon-music**
- **epinions**
- **yelp**
- **citeulike**
- **netflix**

## 1.7 **–prepro**

the data pre-processing strategy

- **origin**: adopt the raw data
- **Fcore**: recursively filter users and items that have interactions no less than N, e.g., 5core
- **Ffilter**: only filter users and items that have interactions no less than N once, e.g., 5filter

## 1.8 **–val\_method**

training and validation data splitting strategy

- **tsbr**: time-aware split-by-ratio
- **rsbr**: random-aware split-by-ratio
- **tloo**: time-aware leave-one-out
- **rloo**: random-aware leave-one-out

## 1.9 **–test\_method**

training and test data splitting strategy, which should be consistent with the settings for **val\_method**

## 1.10 **–val\_size**

ratio of validation set size in the range of (0,1), e.g., 0.1 means retaining 10% of training data as validation data

## 1.11 **–test\_size**

ratio of test set size in the range of (0,1), e.g., 0.2 means retaining 20% of the whole data as test data

## 1.12 **–topk**

the length of recommendation list

## 1.13 -fold\_num

the fold number of cross-validation

## 1.14 -cand\_num

the number of candidate items used for ranking

## 1.15 -sample\_method

negative sampling strategy

- **uniform**: uniformly sample negative items
- **low-pop**: sample popular items with low rank
- **high-pop**: sample popular items with high rank

## 1.16 -sample\_ratio

control the ratio of popularity sampling for the hybrid sampling strategy in the range of (0,1), e.g., for the hybrid sampling strategy uniform+low-pop, `-sample_ratio=0.1` means 10% of the negative items are sampled via low-pop

## 1.17 -num\_ng

the number of negative samples

## 1.18 -positive\_threshold

the threshold for binarizing the ratings into positve samples (for exmaple if the threshold = 4, it means the items with ratings no less than 4 will be treated as positive items)

## 1.19 -loss\_type

type of loss function

- **CL**: cross-entropy loss for point-wise problem
- **SL**: square error loss for point-wise problem
- **BPR**: BPR loss for pair-wise problem
- **HL**: hinge loss for pair-wise problem
- **TL**: top-1 Loss for pair-wise problem

## 1.20 –gpu

the ID of GPU card



## ALGORITHM SPECIFIC SETTINGS

### 2.1 `-init_method`

parameter initializers

- **default**: initialize parameters according to the original paper
- **normal**: initialize parameters with normal distribution
- **uniform**: initialize parameters with uniform distribution
- **xavier\_normal**: initialize parameters with xavier\_normal distribution
- **xavier\_uniform**: initialize parameters with xavier\_uniform distribution

### 2.2 `-optimizer`

optimization method for training the algorithms

- **default** (optimizer in the original paper)
- **sgd**
- **adam**
- **adagrad**

### 2.3 `-early_stop`

whether to activate the early-stop mechanism

- **true**
- **false**

## 2.4 tune\_testset

whether to directly tune on testset, and the default value is false

- true
- false

## 2.5 factors

the dimension of latent factors (embeddings)

## 2.6 reg\_1

the coefficient of L1 regularization

## 2.7 reg\_2

the coefficient of L2 regularization

## 2.8 dropout

dropout rate

## 2.9 lr

learning rate

## 2.10 epochs

training epochs

## 2.11 batch\_size

batch size for training

## 2.12 `-num_layers`

number of layers for MLP

## 2.13 `-alpha`

constant to multiply the penalty terms for SLIM

## 2.14 `-elastic`

the ElasticNet mixing parameter for SLIM in the range of (0,1)

## 2.15 `-pop_n`

the preliminary selected top-n popular candidate items to reduce the time complexity for MostPop

## 2.16 `-maxk`

the number of neighbors to take into account for ItemKNN

## 2.17 `-node_dropout`

node dropout ratio for NGCF

## 2.18 `-mess_dropout`

message dropout ratio for NGCF

## 2.19 `-kl_reg`

the coefficient of KL regularization for Multi-VAE